**Question 1)**

b) c3 and c6 objects can call any methods in both classes , but the other hand other objects can’t call Cylinder class (child class) methods. Because they are in Circle reference .

c) Constructor overloading

**Cylinder.java**

public class Cylinder extends Circle {  
 double height = 1.0;  
  
 public Cylinder() {  
 super();  
 }  
  
 public Cylinder(double radius) {  
 super(radius);  
 }  
  
 public Cylinder(double radius,double height) {  
 super(radius);  
 this.height = height;  
 }  
  
  
 public Cylinder(double radius, double height, String color) {  
 super(radius, color);  
 this.height = height;  
 }  
  
 public double getHeight() {  
 return height;  
 }  
  
 public void setHeight(double height) {  
 this.height = height;  
 }  
  
 public double getVolume() {  
 return Math.*PI* \* radius \* radius \* height;  
 }  
}

**Circle.java**

public class Circle {  
 double radius = 1.0;  
 String color = "red";  
  
 public Circle(double radius, String color) {  
 this.radius = radius;  
 this.color = color;  
 }  
  
 public Circle() {  
  
 }  
  
 public Circle(double radius) {  
 this.radius = radius;  
 }  
  
 public double getRadius() {  
 return radius;  
 }  
  
 public void setRadius(double radius) {  
 this.radius = radius;  
 }  
  
 public String getColor() {  
 return color;  
 }  
  
 public void setColor(String color) {  
 this.color = color;  
 }  
  
 public double getArea() {  
 return Math.*PI* \* radius \* radius;  
 }  
  
 public String toString() {  
 return "Circle[radius=" + radius + ", color=" + color + "]";  
 }  
}

**testDriver.java**

public class testDriver {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Circle c1 = new Circle();  
 Circle c2 = new Cylinder();  
 Cylinder c3 = new Cylinder (3.1);  
 Circle c4 = new Circle(2.3);  
 Circle c5 = new Cylinder (2.4, 4.0);  
 Cylinder c6 = new Cylinder (3.1, 5.2, "red");  
 Circle c7 = new Circle(2.1, "yellow");  
  
 System.out.println(c1.getRadius());  
 System.out.println(c1.getArea());  
 System.out.println(c1.getColor());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 System.out.println(c2.getRadius());  
 System.out.println(c2.getArea());  
 System.out.println(c2.getColor());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 System.out.println(c3.getRadius());  
 System.out.println(c3.getArea());  
 System.out.println(c3.getColor());  
 System.out.println(c3.getHeight());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 System.out.println(c4.getRadius());  
 System.out.println(c4.getArea());  
 System.out.println(c4.getColor());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 System.out.println(c5.getRadius());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 System.out.println(c6.getHeight());  
 System.out.println(c6.getRadius());  
 System.out.println(c6.getColor());  
 System.out.println("------------");  
  
 }  
}

**Question 2)**

d) no. because Employee is abstract class. Abstract classes cannot be instantiated directly.

e) name, age and hourRate these are works fine with public ,but the other hand I can’t make them private , after that I can’t access those instances in other classes .

bcz private instances are only allowed in the same class.

**Employee.java**

public abstract class Employee {  
 public String name;  
 public double age;  
 public double hourRate;  
  
 public abstract double salary(double hours); //calculate salary based on hourRate  
 public abstract double totalSalary(double hours,double days);  
  
  
 public String toString() {  
 return "name = " + name + "age = " + age + "hourRate = " + hourRate;  
 }  
  
}

**Clerk.java**

public class Clerk extends Employee {  
  
 Clerk() {  
 }  
  
 Clerk(String name, double age, double hourRate) {  
 this.name = name;  
 this.age = age;  
 this.hourRate = hourRate;  
 }  
  
 public double salary(double hours) {  
 return hourRate \* hours;  
 }  
  
 public double totalSalary(double hours,double days) {  
 return hours \* days \* hourRate;  
 }  
}

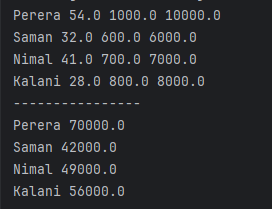
**Manager.java**

public class Manager extends Employee {  
  
 Manager() {  
 }  
  
 Manager(String name, double age, double hourRate) {  
 this.name = name;  
 this.age = age;  
 this.hourRate = hourRate;  
 }  
  
 public double salary(double hours) {  
 return hours \* hourRate;  
 }  
  
 public double totalSalary(double hours,double days) {  
 return hours \* days \* hourRate;  
 }  
}

**HRDivision.java**

public class HRDivision {  
  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Manager manager1 = new Manager("Perera", 54, 1000);  
 Clerk clk1 = new Clerk("Saman", 32, 600);  
 Clerk clk2 = new Clerk("Nimal", 41, 700);  
 Clerk clk3 = new Clerk("Kalani", 28, 800);  
  
 System.*out*.println(manager1.name + " " + manager1.age + " " + manager1.hourRate + " " + manager1.salary(10));  
 System.*out*.println(clk1.name + " " + clk1.age + " " + clk1.hourRate + " " + clk1.salary(10));  
 System.*out*.println(clk2.name + " " + clk2.age + " " + clk2.hourRate + " " + clk2.salary(10));  
 System.*out*.println(clk3.name + " " + clk3.age + " " + clk3.hourRate + " " + clk3.salary(10));  
  
 System.*out*.println("----------------");  
  
 System.*out*.println(manager1.name+ " " + manager1.totalSalary(10, 7));  
 System.*out*.println(clk1.name+ " " + clk1.totalSalary(10, 7));  
 System.*out*.println(clk2.name+ " " + clk2.totalSalary(10, 7));  
 System.*out*.println(clk3.name+ " " + clk3.totalSalary(10, 7));  
  
 }  
}

**Output**

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**Question 3)**

**a)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | Variable Type | | | | |
| Tossable | Ball | Rock | Baseball | Football |
| Object  Type | Tossable | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ball | true | true | x | true | true |
| Rock | true | x | true | x | x |
| Baseball | true | true | x | true | x |
| Football | true | true | x | x | true |

i) Ball ball = new Football("spalding"); **E**

ii) Ball ball = new Football("Spalding"); Baseball baseball (Baseball)ball; **Give Error**

iii) Object obj = new Baseball("spalding"); **E**

iv) Object obj = new Baseball("spalding"); Tossable tossable = obj; **Give Error**

v) Tossable tossable = new Baseball("spalding"); Object objtossable; **C**

vi) Rock rock new Baseball("spalding"); **Give Error**

vii) Tossable tossable = new Rock(); **E**

**Ball.java**

public class Ball implements Tossable {  
 public String brandName;  
  
 Ball(String brand) {  
 this.brandName = brand;  
 }  
  
 public void toss() {  
  
 }  
  
 public void bounce() {  
 System.*out*.println("Ball Will Bounce");  
 }  
  
 public String getBrandName() {  
 return brandName;  
 }  
}

**Rock.java**

public class Rock implements Tossable {  
 public void toss() {  
 System.*out*.println("Rock Will Toss");  
 }  
}

**Tossable.java**

interface Tossable {  
 public void toss();  
}

**Baseball.java**

public class Baseball extends Ball {  
  
 Baseball(String brand) {  
 super(brand);  
 }  
  
 @Override  
 public void toss() {  
 super.toss();  
 }  
  
 @Override  
 public void bounce() {  
 System.*out*.println("Baseball Will Bounce");  
 }  
  
  
}

**Football.java**

public class Football extends Ball {  
  
 Football(String brand) {  
 super(brand);  
 }  
  
 @Override  
 public void toss() {  
 super.toss();  
 }  
  
 @Override  
 public void bounce() {  
 System.*out*.println("Football Will Bounce");  
 }  
}

**testBallToss.java**

public class testBallToss {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
 Ball ball = new Football("spalding");  
 Object obj = new Baseball("spalding");  
 Tossable tossable = new Rock();  
  
 }  
}

**Question 4)**

1. need thse 2 methods

public void booleanCanCarry(int passengers) {  
  
}  
  
public double tuneUpCost() {  
 return 0;  
}

1. no its not necessary because its Car related method. so its not common to all class like bicycle . so don’t need to add to the IVehicle.
2. We can use IVehicle and Bicycle classes without errors

oldCar.booleanCanCarry(4);  
oldCar.tuneUpCost();

1. oldCar.booleanCanCarry(4);  
   oldCar.tuneUpCost();  
   oldCar.booleanCanCarry(2005);

**Car.java**

class Car implements IVehicle {  
 int mileage;  
 int year;  
 int numDoors;  
  
 Car(int mileage, int year, int numDoors) {  
 this.mileage = mileage;  
 this.year = year;  
 this.numDoors = numDoors;  
 }  
  
 public void booleanCanCarry(int passengers) {  
 System.*out*.println("can carry " + passengers + "!");  
 }  
  
 public double tuneUpCost() {  
 return 100;  
 }  
  
 boolean builtBefore(int otherYear) {  
 return this.year < otherYear;  
 }  
}

**Bicycle.java**

class Bicycle implements IVehicle {  
 int mileage;  
 int numGears;  
  
 Bicycle(int mileage, int numGears) {  
 this.mileage = mileage;  
 this.numGears = numGears;  
 }  
  
 public void booleanCanCarry(int passengers) {  
 System.*out*.println("can carry " + passengers + "!");  
 }  
  
 public double tuneUpCost() {  
 return 0;  
 }  
}

**IVehicle.java**

interface IVehicle {  
  
 public double tuneUpCost();  
  
 public void booleanCanCarry(int numPassengers);  
  
}

**Examples.java**

public class Examples {  
  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 IVehicle newKidsBike = new Bicycle(0, 1);  
  
 IVehicle oldCar2 = new Car(200000, 1995, 2);  
 oldCar2.booleanCanCarry(4);  
 oldCar2.tuneUpCost();  
  
 Car oldCar = new Car(200000, 1995, 2);  
 oldCar.booleanCanCarry(4);  
 oldCar.tuneUpCost();  
 oldCar.booleanCanCarry(2005);  
  
 }  
}

**Question 5)**

1. can’t define owner when create acc object, so first we use owner as null and after creating customer object we can assign that customer object as a account owner

Account acc = new Account(1, null);  
Customer cus1 = new Customer("kamal", acc);  
acc.owner = cus1;

B)

**Customer.java**

class Customer {  
 String name;  
 private int password;  
 Account account;  
  
 Customer(String name, Account account) {  
 this.name = name;  
 this.account = account;  
 this.password = genPassword();  
 }  
  
 private int genPassword() {  
 return (int)(Math.*random*()\*1000);  
 }  
  
}

**Account.java**

class Account {  
 int number;  
 Customer owner;  
 private double balance;  
  
 Account(int number, Customer owner) {  
 this.number = number;  
 this.owner = owner;  
 this.balance = 0;  
 }  
}

**CustomerAccount.java**

public class CustomerAccount {  
  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Account acc = new Account(1, null);  
 Customer cus1 = new Customer("kamal", acc);  
 acc.owner = cus1;  
  
 //System.out.println(cus1.name+" "+cus1.password+" "+cus1.account.number+" "+cus1.account.balance+" "+cus1.account.owner.name);  
 }  
}

Question 6)

**Shapes.java**

interface Shapes {  
  
 public boolean fitsText(String text);  
  
}

**Circles.java**

public class Circles implements Signs {  
 String color;  
 double radius;  
  
 Circles(double radius, String color) {  
 this.radius = radius;  
 this.color = color;  
 }  
  
 public void printSign() {  
  
 }  
  
 public void printArea() {  
  
 }  
  
 public boolean fitsText(String text) {  
 return text.length() < radius;  
 }  
  
 public void drawSign() {  
 System.*out*.println("Circle is drawn");  
 }  
  
}

**Rectangle.java**

public class Rectangles implements Signs {  
 double width;  
 double length;  
 String color;  
  
 Rectangles(double width, double length, String color) {  
 this.width = width;  
 this.length = length;  
 this.color = color;  
 }  
  
 public void printSign() {  
  
 }  
  
 public void printArea() {  
  
 }  
  
 public boolean fitsText(String text) {  
 return text.length() < length;  
 }  
  
 @Override  
 public void drawSign() {  
 System.*out*.println("Rectangle is drawn");  
 }  
}

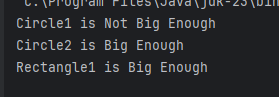
**Signs.java**

interface Signs extends Shapes {  
 public void drawSign();  
}

**ShapeClient.java**

public class ShapeClient {  
 public static void main(String[] args) {  
 Circles circle1 = new Circles(7, "red");  
 Circles circle2 = new Circles(12, "blue");  
  
 Rectangles rectangle1 = new Rectangles(12, 28, "green");  
  
 if (circle1.fitsText("Be silent"))  
 System.*out*.println("Circle1 is Big Enough");  
 else  
 System.*out*.println("Circle1 is Not Big Enough");  
  
 if (circle2.fitsText("Study Rooms"))  
 System.*out*.println("Circle2 is Big Enough");  
 else  
 System.*out*.println("Circle2 is Not Big Enough");  
  
 if (rectangle1.fitsText("Just 3 min walk for a snack"))  
 System.*out*.println("Rectangle1 is Big Enough");  
 else  
 System.*out*.println("Rectangle1 is Not Big Enough");  
  
 }  
}

**Output**

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